1 2 3		E-FILED
4		FEB 1 9 2019
5		Document #
7		J5-4
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	Breckenridge Property Fund 2016, LLC,	CASE NUMBER:
10		
11 12	Plaintiff	CV 19-01084-PSG(ASx)
13	v. Yvonne Guillory, et. al.,	
14	Tromic Gamory, on an,	ORDER REMANDING CASE TO STATE COURT
15		
	Defendant(s).	
16	Defendant(s).	
	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act	ion to the California Superior Court for the
17 18	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act	ion to the California Superior Court for the oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.
17 18 19	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act  County of <u>Los Angeles</u> for lack of sub	•
16 17 18 19 20	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act  County of <u>Los Angeles</u> for lack of sub	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.
17 18 19 20 21	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act  County of Los Angeles for lack of sub  "The right of removal is entirely a creature	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below. e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."
17 18 19 20 21	The Court <u>sua sponte</u> <b>REMANDS</b> this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state  its transfer under some act of Congress.''  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting <u>Great Northern R. Co.</u>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U.	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting <u>Great Northern R. Co.</u> Congress has acted to create a right of removal,
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U. v. Alexander, 246 U.S. 276, 280 (1918)). Where Court must remain the court must remain th	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting Great Northern R. Co. Congress has acted to create a right of removal, ral jurisdiction. Id.; Nevada v. Bank of America
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U. v. Alexander, 246 U.S. 276, 280 (1918)). Where Cothose statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. In County of Los Angeles for lack of sub the statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. In County of Los Angeles for lack of sub the	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting Great Northern R. Co. Congress has acted to create a right of removal, ral jurisdiction. Id.; Nevada v. Bank of America
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U. v. Alexander, 246 U.S. 276, 280 (1918)). Where Cothose statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. In County of Los Angeles for lack of sub the statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. In County of Los Angeles for lack of sub the	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting <u>Great Northern R. Co.</u> Congress has acted to create a right of removal, ral jurisdiction. <u>Id.</u> ; <u>Nevada v. Bank of America</u> Miles, Inc., 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th Cir. 1992). Congress, a defendant may remove "any civil
117 118 119 220 221 222 23 224 225	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U. v. Alexander, 246 U.S. 276, 280 (1918)). Where Cothose statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. Mulless otherwise expressly provided by Co	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting Great Northern R. Co. Congress has acted to create a right of removal, ral jurisdiction. Id.; Nevada v. Bank of America Miles, Inc., 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th Cir. 1992). Congress, a defendant may remove "any civil ct courts of the United States have original
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	The Court sua sponte REMANDS this act County of Los Angeles for lack of sub "The right of removal is entirely a creature court must remain there until cause is shown for syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. v. Henson, 537 U. v. Alexander, 246 U.S. 276, 280 (1918)). Where Cothose statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. Menson Corp. Unless otherwise expressly provided by Cothose statutes are strictly construed against remove Corp., 672 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2012); Gaus v. Menson Corp.	oject matter jurisdiction, as set forth below.  e of statute and 'a suit commenced in a state its transfer under some act of Congress."  S. 28, 32 (2002) (quoting Great Northern R. Co. Congress has acted to create a right of removal, ral jurisdiction. Id.; Nevada v. Bank of America Miles, Inc., 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th Cir. 1992). Congress, a defendant may remove "any civil ct courts of the United States have original 1, 724 F.3d 1249, 1252 (9th Cir. 2013). The

Dow Chemical Co., 443 F.3d 676, 682 (9th Cir. 2006); Gaus, 980 F.2d at 566-67. "Under the plain terms of § 1441(a), in order properly to remove [an] action pursuant to that provision, [the removing defendant] must demonstrate that original subject-matter jurisdiction lies in the federal courts." Syngenta Crop Protection, 537 U.S. at 33. Failure to do so requires that the case be remanded, as "[s]ubject matter jurisdiction may not be waived, and . . . the district court must remand if it lacks jurisdiction." Kelton Arms Condo. Owners Ass'n v. Homestead Ins. Co., 346 F.3d 1190, 1192 (9th Cir. 2003). "If at any time before final judgment it appears that the district court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, the case shall be remanded." 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c). It is "elementary that the subject matter jurisdiction of the district court is not a waivable matter and may be raised at anytime by one of the parties, by motion or in the responsive pleadings, or sua sponte by the trial or reviewing court." Emrich v. Touche Ross & Co., 846 F.2d 1190, 1194 n.2 (9th Cir. 1988).

From a review of the Notice of Removal and the state court records provided, it is evident that the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the instant case, for the following reasons.

- No basis for federal question jurisdiction has been identified:
  - The Complaint does not include any claim "arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
  - Removing defendant(s) asserts that the affirmative defenses at issue give rise to federal question jurisdiction, but "the existence of federal jurisdiction depends solely on the plaintiff's claims for relief and not on anticipated defenses to those claims." ARCO Envtl. Remediation, L.L.C. v. Dept. of Health and Envtl. Quality, 213 F.3d 1108, 1113 (9th Cir. 2000). An "affirmative defense based on federal law" does not "render[] an action brought in state court removable." Berg v. Leason, 32 F.3d 422, 426 (9th Cir. 1994). A "case may not be removed to federal court on the basis of a federal defense . . . even if the defense is anticipated in the plaintiff's complaint, and even if both parties admit that the defense is the only question truly at issue in the case." Franchise Tax Bd. v. Construction Laborers Vacation Trust, 463 U.S. 1, 14 (1983).
  - The underlying action is an unlawful detainer proceeding, arising under and governed by the laws of the State of California.

1	☑ Diversity jurisdiction is lacking:	
3	Every defendant is not alleged to be diverse from every plaintiff. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).	
4	defendant(s) has not plausibly alleged that the amount in controversy requiremer has been met. <u>Id.</u> ; see <u>Dart Cherokee Basin Operating Co., LLC v. Owens</u> , No.	
5		
6 7	13-719, 2014 WL 7010692, at *6 (U.S. Dec. 15, 2014).	
8	The underlying unlawful detainer action is a limited civil action that does not exceed \$25,000.	
9	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this matter be, and hereby is, REMANDED to the Superior	
10	Gourt of Camorina fisted above, for lack of subject illatter jurisdictions.	
11	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
12 13	Date: 2/19/19	
14	United States District Judge	
15		
16		
17		
18		
19 20		
20		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27 28		
20		

ORDER REMANDING CASE TO STATE COURT

Page 3 of 3

CV-136 (12/14)